



How Compostable Products Drive Waste Reduction

Pathways to Plastics Reduction - LA City Symposium

January 11, 2024



Founded in 1999, BPI is the leading authority on compostable products and packaging in North America.



Certification

Rigorous program combining scientific standards and design requirements for reliable compostability claims.



Education

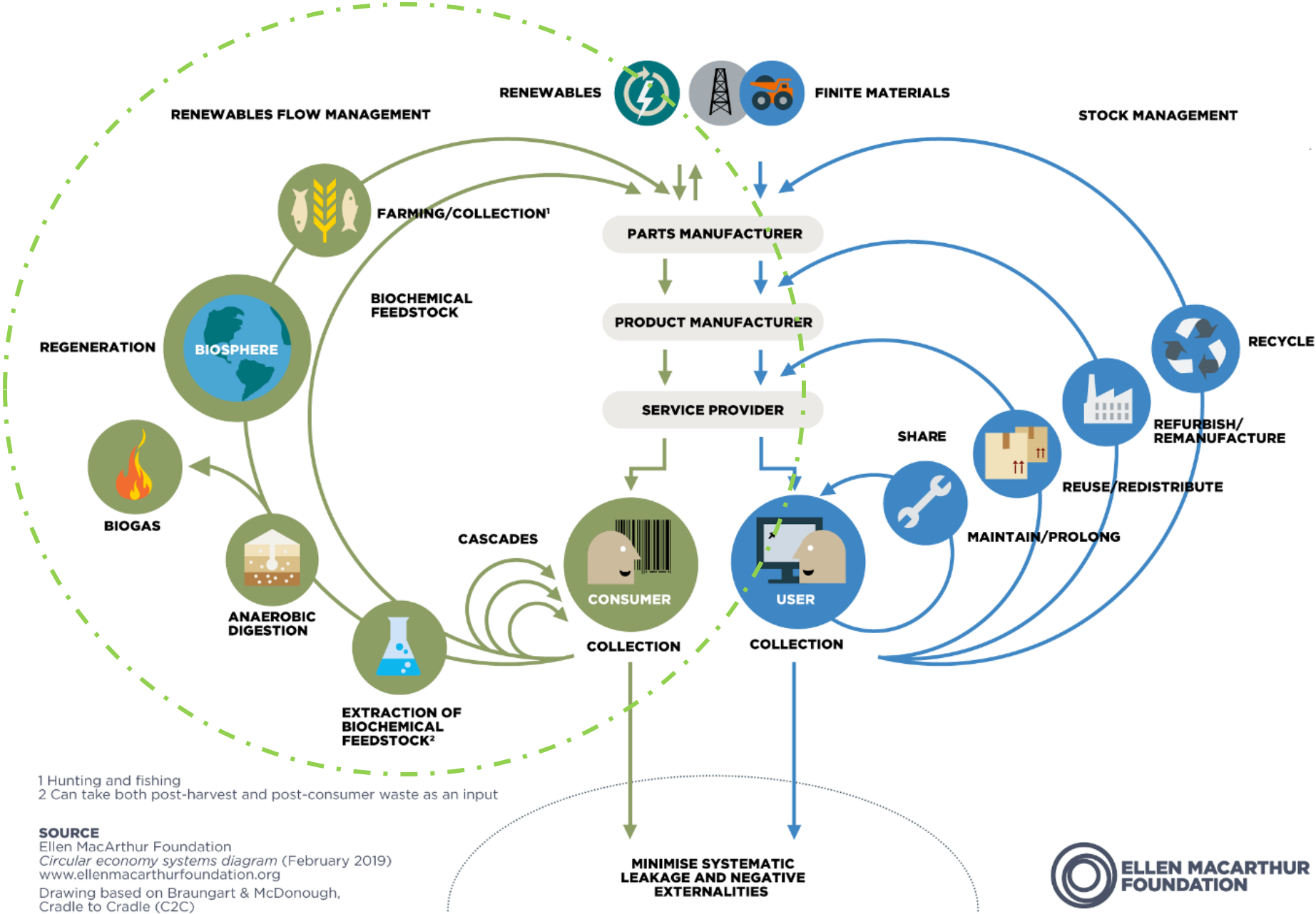
Communication and marketing programs highlighting the connection of packaging to climate change and the circular economy.



Advocacy

Comprehensive government affairs program advancing policy to increase access to composting.

Compostability is aligned with the goals of the circular economy.

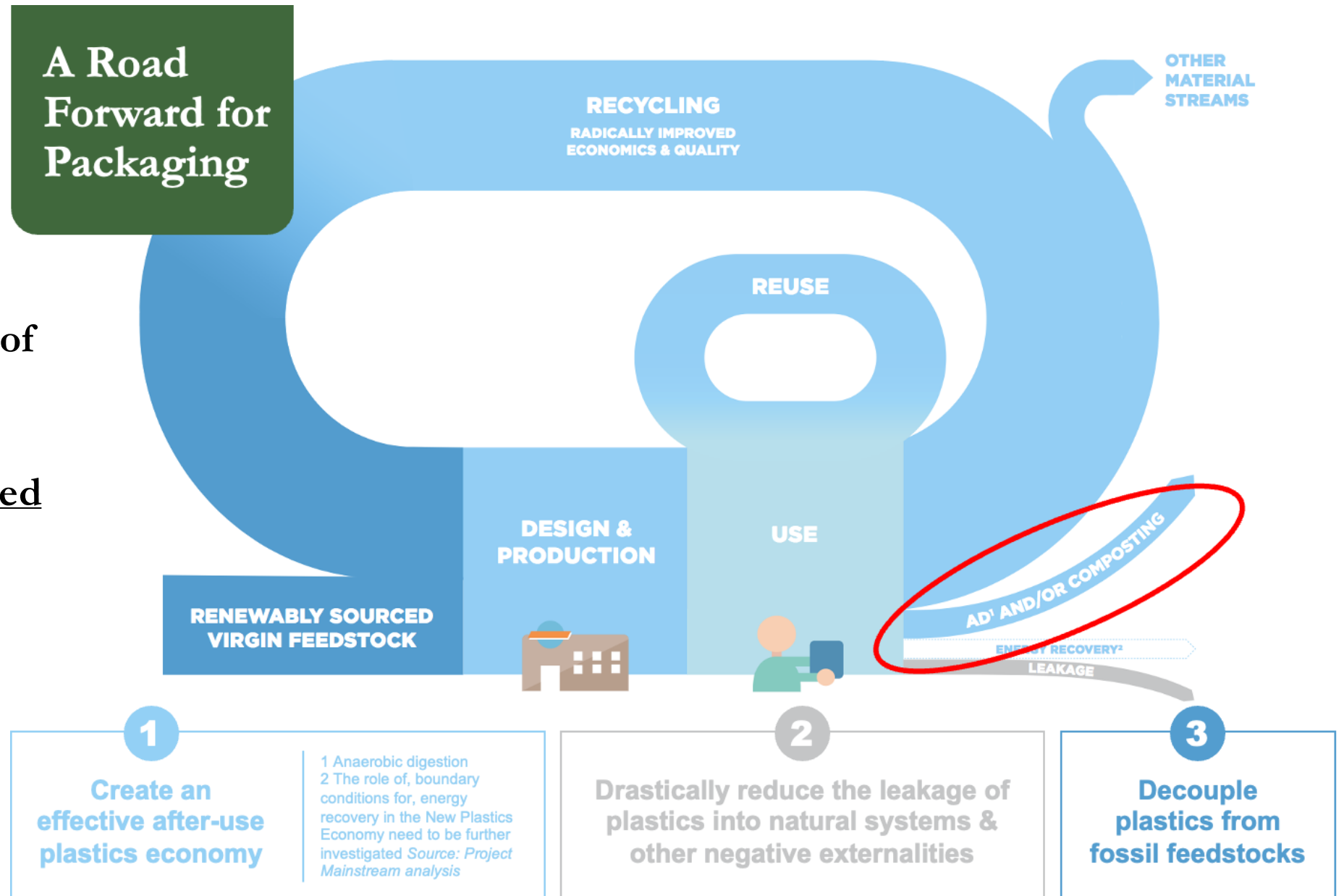


SOURCE
 Ellen MacArthur Foundation
Circular economy systems diagram (February 2019)
www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org
 Drawing based on Braungart & McDonough,
 Cradle to Cradle (C2C)



A Road Forward for Packaging

Compostability is part of the solution, suited for non-recyclable, non-reusable, food-associated applications.



SOURCE: ELLEN MACARTHUR FOUNDATION

BPI's Rigorous Certification Process

Materials Ingredients Finished Items

Eligibility

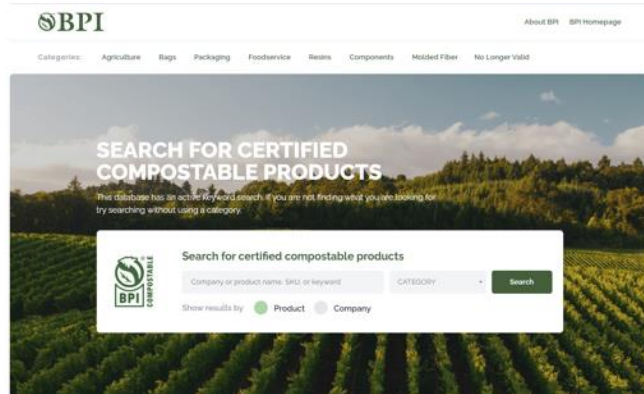
- Must be related to organic waste
- Must not be a better fit for recycling
- Must not require disassembly
- Must be able to label finished items
- Must not use PFAS

Testing at BPI-Approved Labs to ASTM Standards

Third-Party Conformity Assessment Based on BPI Certification Scheme

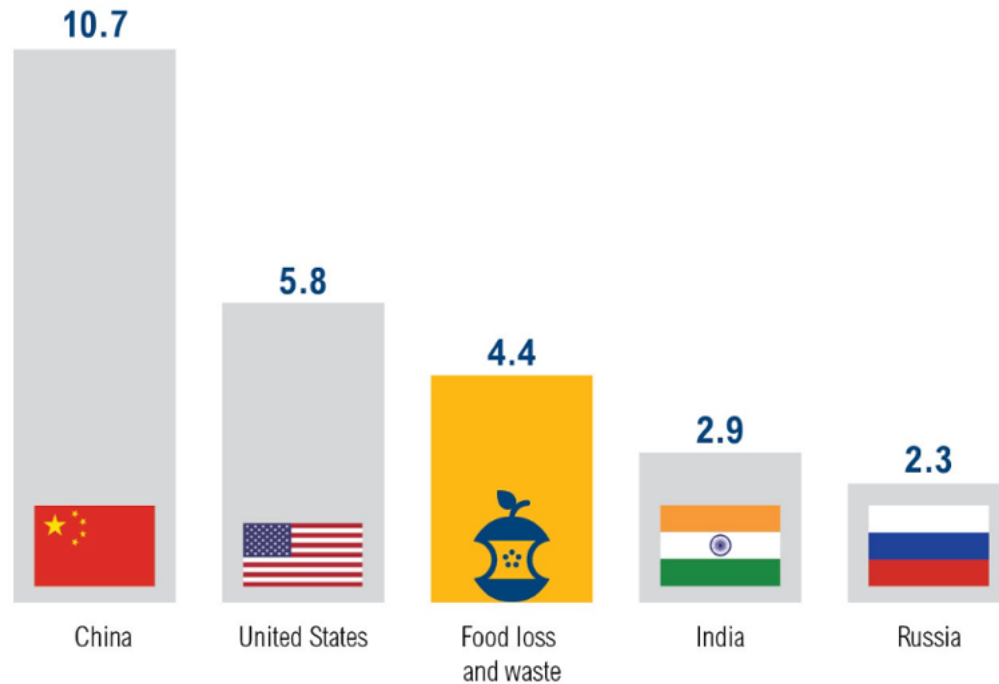
Artwork Review & Licensing

Listed in BPI Online Product Database



Connecting to the Global Climate Change Movement

If Food Loss and Waste Were its own Country,
it Would Be the Third-Largest Greenhouse Gas Emitter



GT CO₂E (2011/12)*



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE

Soil Health, Carbon Sequestration, Regenerative Agriculture





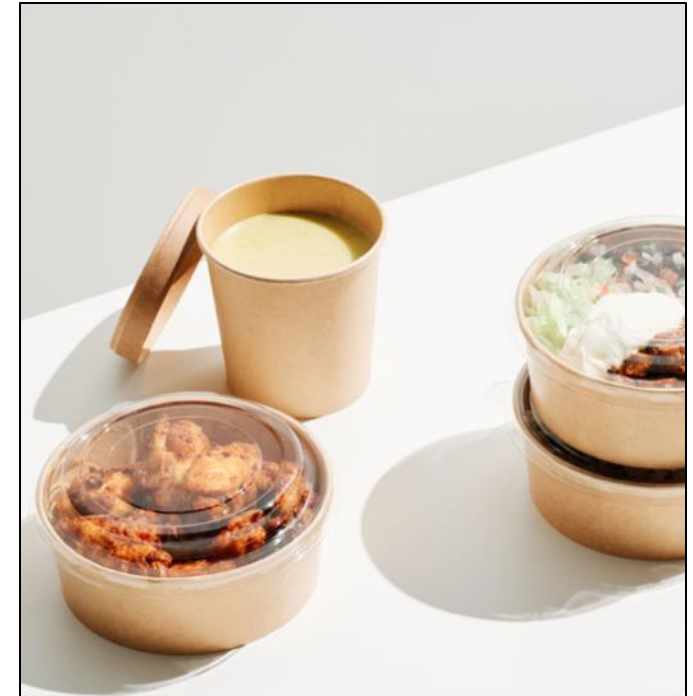
Barrier: Contamination

Composter Confidence: Contamination

Contamination is the biggest threat to compostable products getting composted.

The problem is a combination of:

1. Education/awareness - Consumers placing recyclables and trash in the compost bin.
2. Labeling - Compostable items need to be labeled, and non-compostable items must be prohibited from using similar identifiers.
3. Screening – To combat contamination many composters prescreen everything, including certified compostable products.



What Can Be Done about Contamination?

Certification: On-product labeling is already a requirement for BPI certification, and only items associated with food scraps can be certified (e.g., no general purpose wipes)

Education/Marketing: BPI published labeling guidelines and in 2022, co-funded a consumer test on labeling with Closed Loop's Composting Consortium.

Advocacy/Policy: BPI's has successfully advocated for laws requiring labeling and laws providing funding to composters through Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR).



BPI's Certification Mark Usage Requirements

5 ELEMENTS

BPI CERTIFICATION MARK ELEMENTS

- 1 The BPI "Swirl" design element
- 2 The letters "BPI"
- 3 At least one "Compostable" claim separate from the FTC disclaimer statement



OTHER ELEMENTS

- 4 Identifier (company name, brand name, or company ID/ CERT #)*
- 5 Disclaimer/qualifier language required by the FTC and CB

*Strongly recommended but not required for non-printed items. BPI reserves the right to update this policy as market dynamics dictate.

BPI-CLP Consumer Test

How we tested: 156 designs across 10 categories of compostable packaging

Food-contact packaging categories:

- Clamshell containers
- Cold beverage cups
- Cold beverage lids
- Hot beverage cups
- Hot beverage lids
- Cutlery
- Plates
- 2 Flexible films (i.e. metalized and non-metalized film)
- 1 Biopolymer bag

Labeling techniques:

- Tinting
- Printing
- Embossing
- Coloring



Labeling elements:

- Green striping
- Brown striping
- Green font
- Brown font
- 'Compostable' large
- 'Compostable' small
- BPI certification mark
- How2Compost label

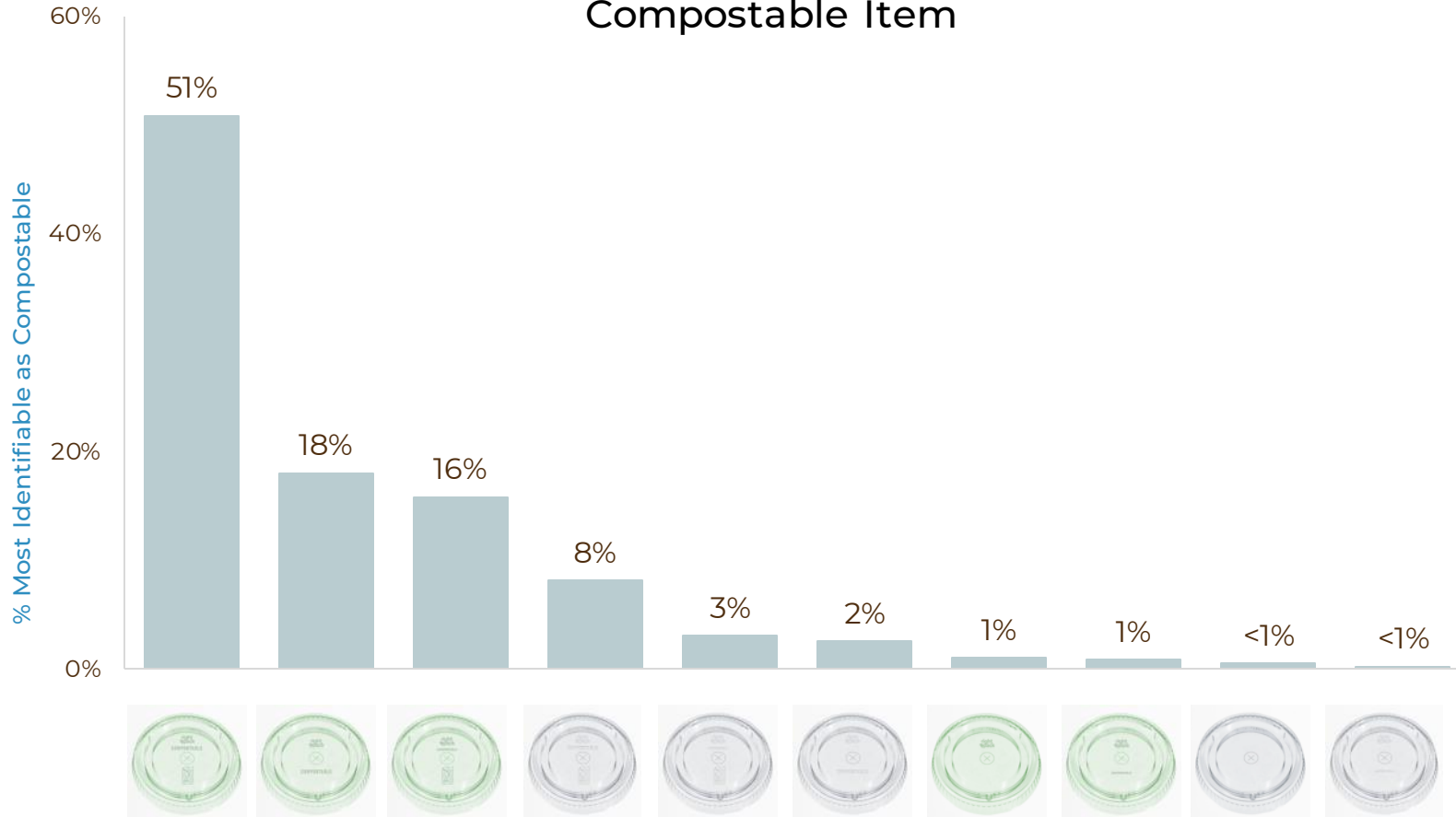
'Look-alike' labeling elements/techniques:

- "Biodegradable"
- "Made from plants"
- Use of color/tint without any identification language
- Leaf icon (made up brand)



2022 BPI-CLP Consumer Test: Example of Cold Cup Lids

Respondents' Favored Design for Easy Identification of Compostable Item



Design Most Clearly Identified as Compostable – needs 2-3 design elements



Compostable Designs in Digital Survey



Barrier: Rate of Breakdown

Composter Confidence: Rate of Break Down

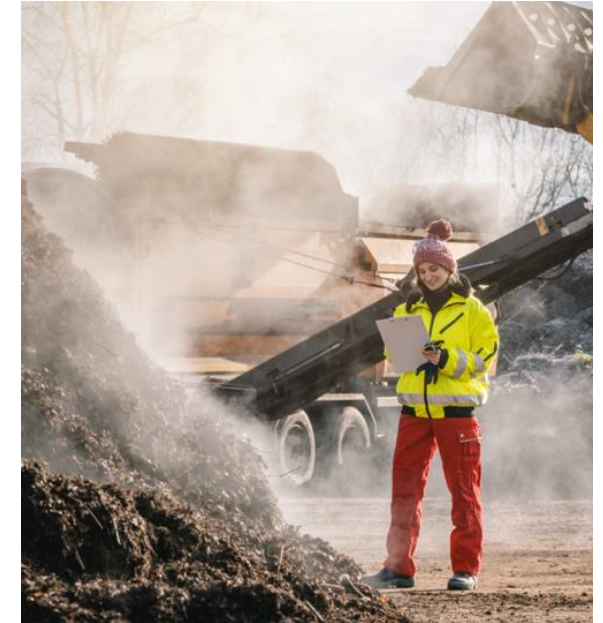
ASTM and ISO compostability standards are the basis of global certifications and show products break down into carbon dioxide, water, inorganic compounds, and biomass.

Variability in composting conditions means field testing provides valuable information for the operator, but they aren't widely repeatable or reproducible (i.e., better suited for research).

Variables include:

- Processing conditions* (temperature, moisture, C:N, pH, time, etc.)
- Feedstocks accepted (seasonal variations can have a significant impact)
- Placement of the test item in the pile and impact of the mesh bag used for tests

*No standard for processing conditions exists



What is Contaminating Piles? Overs Testing



- In 2022 BPI launched a **free** overs test for composters, with a simple online form.
- Designed to build a feedback loop between BPI and composters, to build trust by offering to check items, and to show that most plastics in the overs are contamination.
- First sets of samples tested were green bags/films at two different sites, all of which were determined to be PE/LDPE and were not "failed" compostables. <https://bpiworld.org/overs-testing>

Calls To Action

- For composting, like with reduction and reuse, success requires investment and time. These pathways aren't in competition.
- The state of California is already poised to address certain issues (labeling, Organic Ag limitations), while localities address others (food ware ordinances)
 - Adding regulatory layers at local levels could thwart future success
- Contamination remains the biggest threat to composting food scraps diversion and compostable products.
 - We need to work together to address common contaminants and agree on what on-product labeling prevents contamination.
- Certified compostable products break down in facilities designed and operated to accept them.
- We need share our combined success stories to build trust, develop feedback loops, and agree on research that defines the **process conditions** needed for products to break down.

BPI is committed to advocating for the role of certified compostable products in the circular economy to combat climate change and support regenerative agriculture.



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